GAMBLIN ARTISTS COLORS

Artists Oil Colors



white · grey · black









COOL WHITE 🔳





TINT-TEXTURE & DRYING RATE BINDER STRENGTH TEMPERATURE MARK-COLOR NAME CHARACTERISTICS & OPACITY MAKING Γitanium White Highest tinting strength Fast 10 Warm Buttery Oil Safflower 10 Soft Radiant White The brightest, whitest oil color Neutral Slowest Oil Similar to Titanium White's Safflower l'itanium Zinc White Neutral Buttery Moderate texture, more subtle in tint strength Oil Faster drying traditional binder, Linseed Buttery Quick Dry White Faster Warm Oil not matte Flake White Same working properties of traditional Stiff and Linseed 6 Warm Fast Replacement Flake White but does not contain lead Oil Dense Thin layers dry in 24 hours to a matte Linseed FastMatte Neutral Stiff surface with a beautiful tooth. Ideal for Fastest Oil, Alkyd Fitanium White underpainting. Resin Linseed Oil Transparent white. Best for use in Soft Zinc White 2 Warm Slow plazes and scumbles

ZINC WHITE 🗖



IVORY BLACK 🗖

mineral inorganic colors

- All colors made from metals (Cadmium, Cobalt, Iron, etc.) are "inorganic"
- 19th century colors of the Impressionists and the colors of Classical and Renaissance era painters
- High pigment load, low oil absorption
- Colors easily grey-down in mixtures, excellent for painting natural colors and light
- Mostly opaque with a few semi-transparent and transparent colors

Impressionist





- MARS BLACK



VAN DYKE BROWN 🗖

GAMBLIN ARTISTS OIL COLORS

- CADMIUM YELLOW MEDIUM CADMIUM YELLOW DEEP 🔳 CADMIUM RED MEDIUM CADMIUM RED DEEP COBALT VIOLET 🗖 ULTRAMARINE VIOLET 🗆



COBALT TEAL 🔳

CADMIUM GREEN 🔳











INDIAN RED 🔳





SILVER 🔳

modern organic colors

- Carbon based pigments are "organic"
- 20th century colors
- Most pigments available in a warm and cool version (ex. Phthalo Green, Phthalo Emerald)
- Best choice for high key painting, bright tints
- Mostly transparent, with some semi-transparent colors

20th Century



radiant

Eight high intensity tints at Value 7 on the Munsell[®] system





NAVIGATING COLOR SPACE

Please visit us online to watch Navigating Color Space. This 20-minute video with Robert Gamblin turns insights from color making into practical ideas for color mixing and for building your own, personal palette of colors.



THE GAMBLIN COLOR PALETTE

Robert Gamblin organized our palette into Mineral and Modern color groupings to help artists easily choose a palette of colors that best matches their artistic intent. Our colors are also grouped by eras of pigment history: Classical, Impressionist, and 20th Century. Throughout the history of art, paintings have always been a reflection of the materials that were available to artists.

Mineral Colors

The Mineral side of the color chart includes those colors made from inorganic pigments, that is, metal ores dug from the earth. For many of these pigments, their color is developed in ovens at very high heat. At the bottom of the Mineral side of the chart is the group of earth colors that made up the heart of painters' palettes during the Classical Era. This group of pigments, which has its origins in cave painting and antiquity, was central to the oil painter's palette from the Renaissance through the Classical Era. From this limited range of earth colors, painters depicted form by drawing large contrasts between the darkest darks and the lightest lights, creating the chiaroscuro (literally, "light/dark") effect so characteristic of classical paintings.

During the Industrial Revolution, a whole new array of inorganic pigments was developed from compounds of minerals, such as cobalt, cadmium and manganese. Their intense mass tones complemented earth colors on painters' palettes and replaced paints made from expensive semi-precious stones, fugitive colors, or highly toxic compounds. This full spectrum of pigments, packaged for the first time as oil colors in tubes, expressed the Impressionists' interest in pure color.

Mineral Colors grey down when mixed with white, which is perfect for capturing the colors of the natural world. Mineral-based pigments have larger pigment sizes and lower tinting strengths than modern colors. They are leaner and naturally more matte. Mineral colors are mostly opaque. Ultramarine Blue and Viridian, which are transparent, are exceptions. Mineral colors have a Lightfastness rating of Excellent (I).

Modern Colors

Modern organic pigments are carbon-based. Most modern colors, including Quinacridone, Phthalo, and Perylene, are transparent. Hansa and Napthol are semi-transparent. Because of their small particle sizes and higher oil absorption (fatter), modern pigments make colors of very high tinting strengths that are naturally more glossy.

When mixed with white, modern colors make incredibly intense tints. They stay high key in mixtures unless a complement is added. Rather than shifting from light to dark, a family of modern colors shifts from warm (Phthalo Emerald) to cool (Phthalo Green). Modern colors have a Lightfastness rating of Excellent (I), with the exception of Hansa Yellow Light and Napthol pigments, which are rated as Very Good (II). Each tube of artist's grade oil color is marked with a Lightfastness rating.

Mineral and Modern colors are completely compatible with each other. Painters can use the characteristics of each color group described above to create their own personalized color palette.

Radiants

Gamblin Radiant Colors offer painters eight intense tints - mixtures of pure color and white - at Value 7 on the Munsell® System. Using these Radiant tints, painters can build high key underpaintings and then glaze to achieve optical effects of light and shade.

White, Grey & Black

The most important color choice we make is the white we bring to our work. There are nine different Gamblin Whites to give artists a range of working properties, temperatures, drying rates and opacity. Please refer to our Studio Notes Newsletter, Getting the White Right, on our website for more information on selecting the right white for your work.

Gamblin Portland Greys (Light, Medium, and Deep) can mute the high key tints of the modern colors to make more naturallooking mixtures. Named for the city where they are made and its characteristic grey skies, the Portland Greys are formulated for painters who work with value. Our range of the neutral Portland Greys is expanded with Portland Warm Grey and Portland Cool Grey. A triad of muted primary colors is created when Titanium Buff is added to these. This gives painters the ability to complete a range of "colored greys."

Gamblin Chromatic Black gives painters a neutral, tinting black with energy that doesn't muddy and flatten the colors the way traditional blacks do. Because Chromatic Black is made from two colors that are perfect complements, Quinacridone Red and Phthalo Emerald, it gives painters a dead-center black with life to it and a clean transparency.

Composition



QUICK DRY WHITE I



At Gamblin, our mission is to lead oil painting and printmaking into the future. To us this means crafting materials as they ought to be, not just as they have been. Our luscious colors and contemporary mediums are true to historic working properties, yet safer and more permanent.

Gamsol has freed a generation of artists from exposure to strong solvents. In collaboration with the National Gallery we brought painters Gamvar, the perfect picture varnish. With our FastMatte colors, artists can take their paintings further, faster than ever before.



I have always wanted to give artists color at its maximum with a luscious texture. A texture that readily responds to an artist's intention and handles beautifully. A color reaches its maximum when the pigment has been developed to the highest emotional resonance for that color. There is so much more to our work than fine raw materials and high pigment loads. At Gamblin, we are forging together the right balance of pigment, oil, history, science and emotion. All twenty of us are dedicated to getting that balance right. Every color. Every batch. Every time.



We also believe in giving artists more and asking for less. Artists deserve to be able to use color freely, without hesitation or reservation. And to get in the flow of their painting, unencumbered by expectations or doubt. This is the other half of our work, helping artists select and master the materials best suited to their artistic intentions. We are the first colorhouse to build and organize our palette entirely around the needs of today's painters.

Since our founding, we have been guided by our community of artists, our own studio work and insights from our work and dialogue with museums around the world. Our Conservation Colors have been used to restore works by Van Eyck, Da Vinci and Van Gogh. But foremost, we are here to serve today's painters. We are honored to be your colorhouse and we look forward to working with you.

If you have any suggestions or questions, please email or give us a call. And if you're ever in Portland, please look us up.

We'd love to see you.

Robert Cambhin



CONTEMPORARY OIL PAINTING MATERIALS

True to Historic Working Properties, Safer and More Permanent

Studio Safety

Varnish



Gamblin Gamvar saturates and gives greater depth to the colors in your painting and gives your work a unified and protective semi-gloss surface. Developed in collaboration with the National Gallery of Art, Gamvar goes on water-clear, stays water-clear and can be easily and safely removed with Gamsol. Gamvar is virtually odorless and ready to apply. For most paintings, there is no need to wait 6 to 12 months before varnishing

We recommend varnishing paintings unless you truly dislike the look. Unvarnished

Oil painting mediums should not be used as a varnish or final coat. Picture varnishes

paintings are vulnerable to aging in ways that varnished paintings are not.

with Gamvar. Gamvar can be applied when the thickest areas of your painting are thoroughly dry and firm to the touch

Since our founding, Gamblin has handcrafted materials with the well-being of artists, their work and the environment

in mind. Gamblin Artist's Oil colors are completely non-toxic when used as recommended. Our Gamsol is The Standard

for Studio Safety. It is the finest artist's solvent available to painters and non-toxic when used as recommended. Gamblin

Solvent-Free Gel Medium is the only solvent-free painting medium that supports a broad range of painting techniques

For application instructions and additional information on varnishing, please visit our website.

¹ <u>The Painter's Handbook</u>, Mark David Gottsegen

FastMatte Alkyd Oil Colors

without compromise in a safe studio.

should be colorless and removable¹.

With Gamblin FastMatte Alkyd Oil Colors, oil painters can take their paintings further, faster than ever before. Thin layers will be touch-dry and ready to be painted over in 24-hours. Colors dry to a matte surface with a beautiful tooth and deep, soft luster. FastMatte colors are compatible with our painting mediums and traditional oil colors. The 24-hour dry time, matte surface and compatibility make FastMatte colors ideal for underpainting. For more information, please refer to our FastMatte Color Chart.



Galkyd Painting Mediums

Painting mediums offer a great deal more than simply extending oil colors - they modify the working properties of oil color from the tube – from a fluid consistency for creating expressive mark making to a stiff consistency for creating thick, crisp marks. Painting mediums also broaden the visual qualities of our colors - from increasing the transparency of paint layers, to creating a range of surface qualities - from high gloss to matte. Choosing or customizing the appropriate painting medium can be an essential part of making oil painting your own. For more information on Gamblin mediums, please refer to our Oil Painting Medium Guide or visit our website.

Ground & Size

The type of ground you choose can be an important aspect of the painting process. The absorbency of a ground is the most important factor to consider. For most of the history of oil painting non-absorbent oil based grounds have been the standard. We continue that tradition with Gamblin Oil Painting Ground.

We acknowledge that acrylic gesso grounds are often substituted for a true oil painting ground. This is not because of its performance, but because it is cheaper and faster drying. It is important to understand that acrylic gesso is very different from traditional oil grounds in that it is highly absorbent.



Our Oil Painting Ground makes a strong, bright foundation for oil colors. Instead of linseed oil, Gamblin Ground is made with alkyd resin because of its increased flexibility and quicker dry time. Paintings made on non-absorbent grounds are brighter because the oil is left in the paint film rather than absorbed into the ground. Gamblin Ground can improve the brightness and performance of pre-primed supports or can be applied to a panel or fabric of the artist's choosing.

Fabric needs to be sized before the application of an oil ground. The size protects the fabric from the oil in the ground and paint layers. Though we supply both, we recommend PVA Size instead of rabbit skin glue. PVA Size is not hygroscopic like rabbit skin glue. Hygroscopic means it is constantly swelling or shrinking in response to changes in temperature and humidity. The movement of rabbit skin glue can cause the oil paint film on top of it to crack over time as the size causes the canvas to expand and contract. PVA Size does not shrink canvas like rabbit skin glue, so stretch the fabric tightly.

For application instructions for our Oil Painting Ground and PVA Size, please visit our website.

