

1. Identification

Product identifier **GOLDEN Archival Varnish (Gloss, Matte or Satin Finish)**
Other means of identification Not available.
Recommended use Final Protective Coating For Fine Art.
Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer / Importer / Supplier / Distributor information

Company name Golden Artist Colors, Inc.
Address 188 Bell Rd., New Berlin
 NY 13411
 US
Telephone 607-847-6154
E-mail gavett@goldenpaints.com
Contact person Ben Gavett
Emergency phone number 607-847-6154

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols	Category 1
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 2 (Kidney)
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs (Kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces-No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wash thoroughly after handling. Obtain special instructions before use.

Response If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell.

Storage Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC) Not classified.

Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 3
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 3

Supplemental information

Hazard statement Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Avoid release to the environment.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Acetone	67-64-1	40-<50
Liquefied petroleum gas	68476-85-7	20-<30
Stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	10-<20
Silicon dioxide	112945-52-5	1-<3
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	64742-94-5	1 - 1.5
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.1 -< 1

Composition comments All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention.

Skin contact

Immediately remove contaminated clothing. Wash with soap and water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. In case of rashes, wounds or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and bring along these instructions.

Eye contact

Immediately flush with plenty of water for up to 15 minutes. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Ingestion

Not likely, due to the form of the product. However: Rinse mouth thoroughly with water and give large amounts of milk or water to people not unconscious. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms include itching, burning, redness and tearing. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Irritating to mucous membranes. Defatting of the skin. Dermatitis.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. The effects might be delayed.

General information

Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, foam, dry powder or carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Thermal decomposition may produce smoke, oxides of carbon and lower molecular weight organic compounds whose composition have not been characterized.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. Selection of respiratory protection for firefighting: follow the general fire precautions indicated in the workplace.

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions

Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Local exhaust is recommended. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mist and contact with skin and eyes. Do not smoke, use open fire or other sources of ignition. Wear suitable protective clothing. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Remove sources of ignition. Beware of the explosion danger. Collect spillage. Absorb spill with inert material (e.g., dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container.

Environmental precautions

Aerosol containers should not be dumped in nature. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Keep away from combustible material. Keep reduction valves free from grease and oil. Avoid inhalation of vapors/spray and contact with skin and eyes. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. The product is extremely flammable, and explosive vapor/air mixtures may be formed even at normal room temperatures. Do not smoke and do not spray near a naked flame or other sources of ignition. Read label before use. Do not smoke and do not spray near an open flame or other sources of ignition.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Aerosol cans: Must not be exposed to direct sunlight or temperatures above 50°C. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep out of reach of children.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	PEL	2400 mg/m ³ 1000 ppm
Liquefied petroleum gas (CAS 68476-85-7)	PEL	1800 mg/m ³ 1000 ppm
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	PEL	50 mg/m ³ 10 ppm
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	PEL	2900 mg/m ³ 500 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	0.8 mg/m ³ 20 mppcf

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	STEL TWA	750 ppm 500 ppm
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	STEL TWA	15 ppm 10 ppm
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	TWA	100 ppm

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Ceiling Limit Value and Time Period (if specified)

Components	Type	Value
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m ³

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Recommended exposure limit (REL)

Components	Type	Value
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	TWA	590 mg/m ³ 250 ppm
Liquefied petroleum gas (CAS 68476-85-7)	TWA	1800 mg/m ³ 1000 ppm
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	TWA	50 mg/m ³ 10 ppm
Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)	TWA	6 mg/m ³
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	TWA	350 mg/m ³

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL)

Components	Type	Value
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	STEL	75 mg/m ³ 15 ppm

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	50 mg/l	Acetone	Urine	*

* - For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering controls Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray mists. Provide adequate ventilation. Observe Occupational Exposure Limits and minimize the risk of inhalation of spray. Provide easy access to water supply or an emergency shower.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear approved safety glasses or goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection Solvent-resistant gloves. Be aware that the liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable. Suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing to prevent any possibility of skin contact.

Respiratory protection Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator as needed to control exposure. Consult with respirator manufacturer to determine respirator selection, use, and limitations. Use positive pressure, air-supplied respirator for uncontrolled releases or when air purifying respirator limitations may be exceeded. Follow respirator protection program requirements (OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2) for all respirator use.

Thermal hazards Not applicable.

General hygiene considerations When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Private clothes and working clothes should be kept separately. Personal protective equipment should not be worn during lunch breaks.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Aerosol.
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Aerosol can.
Color	Clear.
Odor	Acetone-like.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	-157.0 °F (-105.0 °C)
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	0.74

Solubility(ies)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
VOC (Weight %)	44 % w/w

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Aerosol containers can explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.
Chemical stability	Stable at normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapors.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion	Not likely, due to the form of the product. However, ingestion may cause irritation and malaise.
Inhalation	Vapors and spray mist may irritate throat and respiratory system and cause coughing. May cause central nervous system effects.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Irritating to mucous membranes. Defatting of the skin. Dermatitis.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May cause central nervous system effects.

Components	Species	Test Results
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	20 ml/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	50 mg/l, 8 Hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	5800 mg/kg
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2 g/kg
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	490 mg/kg
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (CAS 64742-94-5)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	> 590 mg/m3
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	7050 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i>		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
<i>Inhalation</i>		
LC50	Rat	> 5.2 mg/l, 4 hours
<i>Oral</i>		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye irritation.	
Respiratory sensitization	Not classified.	
Skin sensitization	No data available.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Knowledge about mutagenicity is incomplete.	
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
NTP Report on Carcinogens		
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.	
Reproductive toxicity	Knowledge about reproductive effects is incomplete.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (Kidney) through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Aspiration hazard	Due to the physical form of the product it is not an aspiration hazard.	
Chronic effects	Prolonged skin contact may cause dermatitis. Prolonged or repeated contact with skin may cause redness, itching, irritation, eczema/chapping and oil acne. May cause damage to the kidneys. Organic solvents may be absorbed into the body by inhalation and cause permanent damage to the nervous system, including the brain.	

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
Components	Species	Test Results	
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>)	> 100 mg/l, 96 hours
		Rainbow trout, donaldson trout (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>)	4740 - 6330 mg/l, 96 hours
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (<i>Daphnia magna</i>)	1.09 - 3.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Pink salmon (<i>Oncorhynchus gorbuscha</i>)	1.11 - 1.68 mg/l, 96 hours
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (CAS 64742-94-5)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>)	45 mg/l, 96 Hours
Persistence and degradability	The product is not expected to be readily biodegradable.		
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.		
Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)			
Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	-0.24		
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	3.16 - 7.15		
Mobility in soil	The product contains organic solvents which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.		
Mobility in general	The product is insoluble in water. It will spread on the water surface while some of the components will eventually sediment in water systems. The volatile components of the product will spread in the atmosphere.		

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Contract with a disposal operator licensed by the Law on Disposal and Cleaning. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste. Must be incinerated in a suitable incineration plant holding a permit delivered by the competent authorities. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. This product, in its present state, when discarded or disposed of, is not a hazardous waste according to Federal regulations (40 CFR 261.4 (b)(4)). Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine, at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations. When your own wastewater treatment plant is not available, collect entire waste and then charge to a licensed industrial waste management professional with manifests for industrial waste. Rags and the like, moistened with flammable liquids, must be discarded into designated fireproof bucket.

Hazardous waste code D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F

US RCRA Hazardous Waste U List: Reference

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)	U002
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	U165

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Contaminated packaging Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1
Subsidiary class(es)	-
Packing group	-
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No
Special precautions for user	Not available.
Special provisions	153, N82
Packaging exceptions	306
Packaging non bulk	None
Packaging bulk	None

IATA

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1
Subsidiary class(es)	-
Packaging group	-
Environmental hazards	No
Labels required	2.1
ERG Code	10L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IMDG

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1
Subsidiary class(es)	-
Packaging group	-
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No
Labels required	2.1
EmS	Not available.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code This substance/mixture is not intended to be transported in bulk.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) LISTED
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) LISTED

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Hazard categories Immediate Hazard - Yes
Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - No
Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance No

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.1 -< 1

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 35 % weight/volumn

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1) 6532

Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Not regulated.

US state regulations WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Liquefied petroleum gas (CAS 68476-85-7)
Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Not regulated.

US. Pennsylvania RTK - Hazardous Substances

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)
Liquefied petroleum gas (CAS 68476-85-7)
Silicon dioxide (CAS 112945-52-5)
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. (CAS 64742-94-5)
Stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Acetone (CAS 67-64-1)

US. California Proposition 65

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

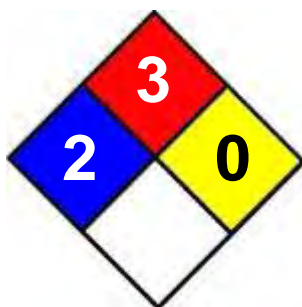
16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 22-November-2013

Revision date -

Version # 01

NFPA Ratings



List of abbreviations

LD50: Lethal Dose, 50%.
 LC50: Lethal Concentration, 50%.
 EC50: Effective concentration, 50%.

References

HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank
 IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity
 ACGIH
 US. IARC Monographs on Occupational Exposures to Chemical Agents
 ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices

Disclaimer

The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

This SDS contains revisions in the following section(s):

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16.